

MACMILLAN/McGRAW-HILL SCIENCE: A CLOSER LOOK

Grade 6

TO

ALASKA SCIENCE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

And

GRADE LEVEL EXPECTATIONS

Grade 6

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Alaska Science Performance Standards and Grade Level Expectations Grade 6	Correlation of the Macmillan/McGraw-Hill Science Program to Alaska Science Performance Standards and Grade Level Expectations for Grade 6	
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6] SA1.2 collaborating to design and conduct simple repeatable investigations. (L) <i>Continued on next page...</i>	<u>Be a Scientist</u> Form a Hypothesis: What do scientists do? Focus on Skills: Form a Hypothesis	5 12

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The student demonstrates an understanding of the attitudes and approaches to scientific inquiry by:		
6] SA2.1 identifying and differentiating fact from opinion.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Reading in Science: Meet Joel Cracraft Write About It: Fact and Opinion <u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> Quick Check: Fact and Opinion <u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Quick Check: Fact and Opinion Lesson Review: Think, Talk, and Write, 3 Fact and Opinion	143 145 146 178-179 179 166 371 375 376 377

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The student demonstrates an understanding that interactions with the environment provide an opportunity for understanding scientific concepts by:		
6] SA3.1 gathering data to build a knowledge base that contributes to the development of questions about the local environment (e.g., moose browsing, trail usage, river erosion). (L)	<u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> Chapter 4: Ecosystems What makes up an ecosystem? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Types of Limiting Factors Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Chapter 6: Conserving Our Resources How do people affect the environment? ELL Support: Paraphrase Develop Vocabulary (pollution, smog, acid rain) How do people affect the land? Homework Activity: The Source of Our Stuff Lesson Review Formative Assessment: Approaching	186-187 187 223 223 344-345 344 345 346 346 347 347
Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6		
B1—Concepts of Physical Science		
SB Students develop an understanding of the concepts, models, theories, universal principles, and facts that explain the physical world. SB1 Students develop an understanding of the characteristic properties of matter and the relationship of these properties to their structure and behavior. SB2 Students develop an understanding that energy appears in different forms, can be transformed from one form to another, can be transferred or moved from one place or system to another, may be unavailable for use, and is ultimately conserved. SB3 Students develop an understanding of the interactions between matter and energy, including physical, chemical, and nuclear changes, and the effects of these interactions on physical systems. SB4 Students develop an understanding of motions, forces, their characteristics and relationships, and natural forces and their effects.		
The student demonstrates understanding of the structure and properties of matter by:		
6] SB1.1 using models to represent matter as it changes from one state to another. <i>Continued on next page...</i>	<u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u> Chapter 9: Classifying Matter Vocabulary Activities: Help students differentiate the three states of matter and identify examples of each in their daily lives.	484D

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The student demonstrates an understanding of how energy can be transformed, transferred, and conserved by:		
[6] SB2.1 recognizing that energy can exist in many forms (i.e., heat, light, chemical, electrical, mechanical).	<u>Unit F: Physical Science - Forces and Energy</u> Chapter 12: Exploring Energy Lesson 1: Waves and Sound Lesson Review Lesson 2: Properties of Light Lesson Review Lesson 3: Light Waves and Color Lesson Review Lesson 4: Heat Lesson Review Lesson 5: Electricity and Magnetism Lesson Review Be a Scientist: Structured, Guided, Open Inquiry Chapter 12 Review	644-654 655 658-666 667 670-676 677 680-688 689 692-706 707 708-709 710-711
The student demonstrates understanding of the interactions between matter and energy and the effects of these interactions on systems by:		
[6] SB3.1 recognizing that most substances can exist as a solid, liquid, or gas depending on temperature.	<u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u> Chapter 9: Classifying Matter Visual Literacy: How does heat affect the state of matter? Lesson 3: Solids, Liquids, and Gases Look and Wonder Explore: Does temperature affect the rate at which water evaporates? How does heat affect the state of matter? What is a melting point? Quick Lab: Molecular Movement	510A 510 511 512-513 514-515 515

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The student demonstrates an understanding of motions, forces, their characteristics, relationships, and effects by:		
6] SB4.2 stating that every object exerts gravitational force on every other object.	<u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Focus on Skills: Communicate Integrate Writing: Write a Lab Report Activity Lab Book: Communicate Chapter 8: Astronomy Planets and Orbits	430-431 430 431 446
6] SB4.3 making waves move through a variety of media. (L)	<u>Unit F: Physical Science - Forces and Energy</u> Chapter 12: Exploring Energy Lesson 1: Waves and Sound What are waves? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities How can you measure waves? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions How does sound travel? Quick Lab: String Telephone Lesson Review	646-647 647 648-649 649 650-651 651 655
Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6		
C1—Concepts of Life Science		
SC Students develop an understanding of the concepts, models, theories, facts, evidence, systems, and processes of life science. SC1 Students develop an understanding of how science explains changes in life forms over time, including genetics, heredity, the process of natural selection, and biological evolution. SC2 Students develop an understanding of the structure, function, behavior, development, life cycles, and diversity of living organisms. SC3 Students develop an understanding that all organisms are linked to each other and their physical environments through the transfer and transformation of matter and energy.		
The student demonstrates an understanding of how science explains changes in life forms over time, including genetics, heredity, the process of natural selection and biological evolution by:		

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[6] SC1.2 recognizing that species survive by adapting to changes in their environment.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Chapter 1: Classifying Living Things Vocabulary Activities: Help students understand the differences between physical and behavioral adaptations. Reading in Science: Meet Richard Pearson, Write About It - Classify Lesson 5: Plant and Animal Adaptations Reading and Writing: Plant and Animal Adaptations Visual Literacy: How are animals adapted to their surroundings? Activity Lab Book: Does a waxy coating help a plant retain moisture? Assessment: What are some adaptive behaviors of animals? Look and Wonder Explore: does a waxy coating help a plant retain moisture? Alternative Explore: How do plants control water loss? What are adaptations? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions How are animals adapted to their surroundings? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities ELL Support: Discuss/Explain What are some adaptive behaviors of animals? Quick Lab: Modeling an Adaptation Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions Why do animals migrate? Homework Activity: How Living Things Adapt Lesson Review Formative Assessment: Approaching, On-Level, Challenge Writing in Science: Life in the Deep Integrate Writing: Local Plant and Tree Report <u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u> Reading in Science: Meet Adriana Aquino	18D 44-45 68A 68A 68B 68B 68 69 69 70-71 71 72-73 72 73 74-75 75 75 76 76 77 77 78-79 78 520-521

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The student demonstrates an understanding of the structure, function, behavior, development, life cycles, and diversity of living organisms by:		
[6] SC2.1 using a dichotomous key to classify animals and plants into groups using external or internal features.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Lesson 1: Classifying Plants and Animals Reading and Writing: Classifying Plants and Animals; Classifying Living Things Visual Literacy: How are organisms classified? Activity Lab Book: How can living things be classified? Assessment: What are some other kingdoms? Explore: How can living things be classified? What are living things? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities How are organisms classified? Homework Activity: Kingdoms Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions What are some other kingdoms? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Quick Lab: Measuring Protists ELL Support: Explain What are bacteria and viruses? Lesson Review Formative Assessment: Approaching, On-Level, Challenge Focus on Skills: Classify Lesson 3: Animals Visual Literacy: What are invertebrates? What are vertebrates? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions What are invertebrates? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Quick Lab: Characteristics of Worms ELL Support: Clarify/Ask Questions What are arthropods?	20A 20A 20B 20B 21 22-23 23 24-25 24 25 26-27 26 27 27 28 29 29 30-31 46A 48-49 49 50-51 50 51 51 52
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[6] SC2.2 identifying basic behaviors (e.g., migration, communication, hibernation) used by organisms to meet the requirements of life.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Chapter 1: Classifying Living Things Science Leveled Reader: <i>Animal Migration</i> Reading in Science: Meet Richard Pearson, Write About It - Classify Lesson 5: Plant and Animal Adaptations Seasonal Adaptations Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions Why do animals migrate? Homework Activity: How Living Things Adapt <u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Time for Kids: Monarch Butterflies at Risk ELL Support: Ask Questions	19 44-45 75 75 76 76 364-365 364
[6] SC2.3 describing the levels of organization within a human body (i.e., cells, tissues, organs, systems).	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Chapter 1: Classifying Living Things Lesson 4: Animal Systems Reading and Writing: Animal Systems Visual Literacy: What are digestion and excretion Activity Lab Book: How does the large intestine help with digestion? Assessment: What is respiration? Explore: How does the large intestine help with digestion? What are digestion and excretion? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions What is respiration? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities ELL Support: Compare and Contrast	56A 56A 56B 56B 57 58-59 59 60-61 60 61
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	Visual Literacy: How are cells organized?	84A
	Cells and Organisms	87
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	The Skeletal and Muscular Systems	R11
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	The Digestive and Excretory Systems	R13
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6] SC3.2 organizing a food web using familiar plants and animals.	<u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> Chapter 4: Ecosystems Science Leveled Reader: <i>Tracing he Food Web</i> Lesson 2: Food Chains, Webs, and Pyramids Reading and Writing: Food Chains, Webs, and Pyramids Assessment: What are food webs? What are food webs? Read a Diagram: Land Food Web Quick Lab: Water Food Web ELL Support: Vocabulary Homework Activity: Food Webs in a Coral Reef Lesson Review Formative Assessment: On-Level, Challenge	183 196A 196B 200-201 200 201 201 202 203 203
Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6		
D1—Concepts of Earth Science		
SD Students develop an understanding of the concepts, processes, theories, models, evidence, and systems of earth and space sciences. SD1 Students develop an understanding of Earth's geochemical cycles. SD2 Students develop an understanding of the origins, ongoing processes, and forces that shape the structure, composition, and physical history of the Earth. SD3 Students develop an understanding of the cyclical changes controlled by energy from the sun and by Earth's position and motion in our solar system. SD4 Students develop an understanding of the theories regarding the evolution of the universe.		
The student demonstrates an understanding of geochemical cycles by:		
[6] SD1.1 exploring the rock cycle and its relationship to igneous, metamorphic, and sedimentary rocks. (L)	<u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Chapter 6: Conserving Our Resources Lesson 1: Minerals and Rocks How do rocks differ? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions What is the rock cycle? Develop Vocabulary: Rock Cycle Homework Activity: Rocks at Home	318-319 318 322 322 322
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6] SD1.2 identifying the physical properties of water within the stages of the water cycle.	<u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> The Water Cycle Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions Lesson Review <u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Chapter 6: Conserving Our Resources Activity Lab Book: How can you model Earth's water cycle? Assessment: Where do we find water? Explore: How can you model Earth's water cycle? Alternative Explore: How does water move and change? Where do we find water? Read a Diagram: Solar Energy and the Water Cycle Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Quick Lab: Earth's Water Lesson Review	188 189 193 326B 326B 327 327 330-331 330 330 331 335
The student demonstrates an understanding of the forces that shape Earth by:		
[6] SD2.1 describing the formation and composition (i.e., sand, silt, clay, organics) of soils.	<u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Chapter 5: Changes over Time Lesson 4: Forces That Shape Earth How is soil formed Develop Vocabulary (soil, humus) ELL Support: Extend Vocabulary Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities Why is soil important? Homework Activity: Explore Your Soil Lesson Review/Formative Assessment: Approaching, On-Level, Challenge	290-291 290 290 291 292 292 293

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The student demonstrates an understanding of cycles influenced by energy from the sun and by Earth's position and motion in our solar system by:		
[6] SD3.1 connecting the water cycle to weather phenomena.	<u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Chapter 6: Conserving Our Resources Activity Lab Book: How can you model Earth's water cycle? Assessment: Where do we find water? Explore: How can you model Earth's water cycle? Alternative Explore: How does water move and change? Where do we find water?	 326B 326B 327 327 330-331
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6] SD3.2 identifying that energy transfer is affected by surface conditions (e.g., snow cover, asphalt, vegetation) and that this affects weather.	<u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Chapter 7: Weather and Climate Lesson 2: Precipitation and Clouds How does the water cycle affect weather? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities What are the different types of precipitation? Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities ELL Support: Prepare Group Presentations Lesson Review Formative Assessment: Approaching, On-Level, Challenge	382-383 383 386-387 386 387 393 393

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[6] SD4.2 defining a light year.	<u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Chapter 8: Astronomy Be a Scientist: How can you model the solar system? Integrate Reading: Measuring Distances in Space Finding the Distance to a Star Develop Vocabulary (light year) Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Questions	442-443 442 459 459 459
Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6 E1—Science and Technology		
<p>SE Students develop an understanding of the relationships among science, technology, and society.</p> <p>SE1 Students develop an understanding of how scientific knowledge and technology are used in making decisions about issues, innovations, and responses to problems and everyday events.</p> <p>SE2 Students develop an understanding that solving problems involves different ways of thinking, perspectives, and curiosity that lead to the exploration of multiple paths that are analyzed using scientific, technological, and social merits.</p> <p>SE3 Students develop an understanding of how scientific discoveries and technological innovations affect and are affected by our lives and cultures.</p>		
The student demonstrates understanding of how to integrate scientific knowledge and technology to address problems by:		
6] SE1.1 recognizing that technology cannot always provide successful solutions for problems or fulfill every human need.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Science Leveled Readers: <i>Foods that Feed the World</i> Science, Technology, and Society: Meet Richard Pearson Writing in Science: Growing Hybrid Plants Time For Kids: Trouble on the Table ELL Support: Read Aloud Differentiated Instruction: Leveled Activities <u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> Writing in Science: The Dangers of Antibiotics Quick Lab: Researching Genetically Engineered Crops What are genetically engineered crops? Writing Link: Persuasive Writing	19 44-45 118 134-135 134 135 158 165 166 167
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The student demonstrates an understanding that solving problems involves different ways of thinking by:		
[6] SE2.1 identifying and designing a solution to a problem.	<u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Writing in Science: Clean Up Our Watershed Formative Assessment: On-Level (Create pamphlet describing actions farmers can take to help protect their land) Problem and Solution: What are some ways in which farmers try to protect and conserve soil? Problem and Solution: How can people reduce their dependence on fossil fuels? Problem and Solution: How does recycling help solve the problem of pollution in the environment? <u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u> Science, Technology, and Society: Biofuels, Write About It – Problem and Solution <u>Unit F: Physical Science - Forces and Energy</u> ELL Support: Relate to Personal Experience to conserve energy or resources Homework Activity: Home Energy Audit	337 347 353 355 356 568-569 625 707

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[6] SE2.2 comparing the student's work to the work of peers in order to identify multiple paths that can be used to investigate a question or problem. (L)	<u>Be a Scientist</u> Explore Activities: What do you know about stars?	3
	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Chapter 1: Classifying Living Things Explore Activities: How can living things be classified?	21
	Quick Lab: Measuring Protists	27
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Classify	30-31
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	Quick Lab: Leaves	37
	Explore Activities: What are some characteristics of animals?	47
	Quick Lab: Characteristics of Worms	51
	Explore Activities: How does the large intestine help with digestion?	57
	Quick Lab: Vein-Valve Model	63
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How do different-sized blood vessels compare?	66-67
	Explore Activities: Does a waxy coating help a plant retain moisture?	69
	Quick Lab: Modeling an Adaptation	75
	Chapter 2: Cells Explore Activities: What do cells look like?	85
	Quick Lab: Comparing Cells in Animal Tissue	89
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Observe	92-93
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	Quick Lab: Diffusion and Osmosis in Action	99
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: What is cellular respiration?	104-105
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<i>Continued from previous page...</i>	Explore Activities: Are the continents moving?	255
	Quick Lab: Earth's Sliding Plates	261
	Explore Activities: How do mountains form?	267
	Quick Lab: Making Mountains	271
	Explore Activities: How does the steepness of a slope affect stream erosion?	283
	Quick Lab: Layering Sediments	287
	Explore Activities: Which rock layer is the oldest?	297
	Quick Lab: Modeling a Fossil	301
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: What makes chemical weathering happen?	306-307
	Chapter 6: Conserving Our Resources	
	Explore Activities: What is granite made of?	313
	Quick Lab: Play the Rock Game	321
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Use Variables	324-325
	Explore Activities: How can you model Earth's water cycle?	327
	Quick Lab: Earth's Water	331
	Explore Activities: What are objects made from?	339
	Quick Lab: Fuel Supply	343
	Explore Activities: Do some light bulbs waste less energy than others?	351
	Quick Lab: The Power of Water	355
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: What are some of the characteristics of volcanic rocks?	358-359
	<u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u>	
	Chapter 7: Weather and Climate	
	Explore Activities: How can you observe air pressure?	369
	Quick Lab: Analyze Temperature Differences	373
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Interpret Data	378-379
	Explore Activities: How can you make a model of fog?	381
	Quick Lab: Comparing Currents	391
<i>Continued on next page...</i>		

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	Teacher's Edition Units, Chapters, Lessons, or Activities	Teacher's Edition Page Numbers
<i>Continued from previous page...</i>	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: What can change a river?	394-395
	Explore Activities: Does temperature affect the movement of air?	397
	Quick Lab: Weather Prediction	401
	Explore Activities: What can weather patterns tell us?	407
	Quick Lab: Comparing Climates	409
	Chapter 8: Astronomy	
	Explore Activities: How do we learn about the planets?	421
	Quick Lab: Rotation and Revolution	427
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Communicate	430-431
	Explore Activities: What causes the Moon to change appearance?	433
	Quick Lab: Modeling Eclipses	439
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How can you model the solar system?	442-443
	Explore Activities: How can you tell a planet from a star?	445
	Quick Lab: Planet Sizes	449
	Explore Activities: How does a star's distance from Earth affect its brightness?	457
	Quick Lab: How Parallax Works	459
	Explore Activities: How are galaxies classified?	469
	Quick Lab: A Changing Universe	471
	<u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u>	
	Chapter 9: Classifying Matter	
	Explore Activities: What is the density of water?	487
	Quick Lab: Density in Action	491
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Measure	494-495
	Explore Activities: Can you always cut a substance in half?	497
	Quick Lab: Classifying Elements	503
	Explore Activities: Does temperature affect the rate at which water evaporates?	511
	Quick Lab: Molecular Movement	515
Explore Activities: Can marker ink be separated?	523	
<i>Continued on next page...</i>		

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	Teacher's Edition Units, Chapters, Lessons, or Activities	Teacher's Edition Page Numbers	
<i>Continued from previous page...</i>	Quick Lab: Make a Saturated Solution	529	
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How can you separate a mixture?	534-535	
	Chapter 10: Chemistry		
	Explore Activities: What happens when metal rusts?	541	
	Quick Lab: Rate of Reaction	545	
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Form a Hypothesis	548-549	
	Explore Activities: What are acids and bases?	551	
	Quick Lab: Neutralization	555	
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: Can differences in salt levels affect water's physical properties?	558-559	
	Explore Activities: Can you recognize differences in carbon-compound concentration?	561	
	Quick Lab: Looking for Lipids	565	
	Explore Activities: How can you model radioactive decay?	571	
	Quick Lab: Domino Chain Reactions	575	
	<u>Unit F: Physical Science - Forces and Energy</u>		
	Chapter 11: Exploring Forces		
	Explore Activities: How can you tell how fast things move?	589	
	Quick Lab: Investigating Inertia	600	
	Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Predict	602-603	
	Explore Activities: What affects acceleration?	605	
	Quick Lab: Free Fall	609	
	Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How does inertia apply to passengers in a moving vehicle?	612-613	
	Explore Activities: What is work?	615	
	Quick Lab: Potential Energy and Distance Traveled	619	
	Explore Activities: How is a ramp a simple machine?	627	
	Quick Lab: Make an Inclined Plane into a Screw	635	
	<i>Continued on next page...</i>		

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	Teacher's Edition Units, Chapters, Lessons, or Activities	Teacher's Edition Page Numbers
<i>Continued from previous page...</i>	Chapter 12: Exploring Energy Explore Activities: How do waves affect motion? Quick Lab: String Telephone Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Experiment Explore Activities: How does light move away from its source? Quick Lab: Investigating Light Explore Activities: What makes up white light? Quick Lab: Colors from Light Explore Activities: How can you measure heat flow? Quick Lab: Heat from Friction Explore Activities: What happens to charged objects that are brought together? Quick Lab: Make Your Own Compass Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How can you make an electromagnet stronger?	645 651 656-657 659 665 671 673 681 683 693 705 708-709
The student demonstrates an understanding of how scientific discoveries and technological innovations affect our lives and society by:		
[6] SE3.1 describing the various effects of an innovation on a global level.	<u>Unit A: Life Science - Diversity of Life</u> Science Leveled Readers: <i>Foods that Feed the World</i> Writing in Science: Growing Hybrid Plants <u>Unit B: Life Science - Patterns of Life</u> What are genetically engineered crops? Homework Activity: Human Genome Project Health Link: Effects of Insecticides <u>Unit C: Earth Science - Earth and Its Resources</u> Science Leveled Readers: <i>Greenhouse Effect, Do Fossil Fuels Have a Future, Power for our Future</i> <u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u> Time for Kids: Monarch Butterflies at Risk	19 118 166 166 203 311 364-365

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Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6 F1—Cultural, Social, Personal Perspectives, and Science		
<p>SF Students develop an understanding of the dynamic relationships among scientific, cultural, social, and personal perspectives.</p> <p>SF1 Students develop an understanding of the interrelationships among individuals, cultures, societies, science, and technology.</p> <p>SF2 Students develop an understanding that some individuals, cultures, and societies use other beliefs and methods in addition to scientific methods to describe and understand the world.</p> <p>SF3 Students develop an understanding of the importance of recording and validating cultural knowledge.</p>		
The student demonstrates an understanding of the dynamic relationships among scientific, cultural, social, and personal perspectives by:		
[6] SF1.1-SF3.1 telling a local or traditional story that explains a natural event (e.g., animal adaptation, weather, rapid changes to Earth’s surface) and relating it to a scientific explanation. * (L) Cross referenced with SA3.1	<p>Opportunities to address:</p> <p><u>Unit D: Earth Science - Weather and Space</u></p> <p>Writing Link: Writing a Story</p> <p>Social Studies Link: Evaluate a Model – Research how the Chinese of ancient times explained a solar eclipse.</p> <p>Art Link: Model the Solar System: Make an exhibit of an early model of the solar system</p> <p>Integrate Writing: Historical Fiction</p> <p>Write About It: Fictional Narrative, Write a science-fiction story about traveling to M82.</p>	<p>413</p> <p>441</p> <p>453</p> <p>466</p> <p>467</p>
Science Performance Standards (Grade Level Expectations) Grade 6 G1—History and Nature of Science		
<p>SG Students develop an understanding of the history and nature of science.</p> <p>SG1 Students develop an understanding that historical perspectives of scientific explanations demonstrate that scientific knowledge changes over time, building on prior knowledge.</p> <p>SG2 Students develop an understanding that the advancement of scientific knowledge embraces innovation and requires empirical evidence, repeatable investigations, logical arguments, and critical review in striving for the best possible explanations of the natural world.</p> <p>SG3 Students develop an understanding that scientific knowledge is ongoing and subject to change as new evidence becomes available through experimental and/or observational confirmation(s).</p> <p>SG4 Students develop an understanding that advancements in science depend on curiosity, creativity, imagination, and a broad knowledge base.</p>		

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The student demonstrates an understanding of the bases of the advancement of scientific knowledge by:		
6] SG2.1 recognizing differences in results of repeated experiments.	<u>Be a Scientist</u> Form a Hypothesis: What do scientists do? Focus on Skills: Form a Hypothesis <u>Unit E: Physical Science - Matter</u> Chapter 10: Chemistry Focus on Skills/Inquiry Skill: Form a Hypothesis <u>Unit F: Physical Science - Forces and Energy</u> Chapter 11: Exploring Forces Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How does inertia apply to passengers in a moving vehicle? Chapter 12: Exploring Energy Quick Lab: Heat from Friction Be a Scientist/Inquiry Investigation: How can you make an electromagnet stronger?	 5 12 548-549 613 683 709